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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/511,598	11/02/2004	Kohshi Yoshimura	040566 4141		
	7590 03/22/200 , KRATZ, QUINTOS,	EXAMINER			
1725 K STREET, NW SUITE 1000 WASHINGTON, DC 20006			BASHORE, ALAIN L		
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
		1762			
SHORTENED STATUTORY	PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE		
3 MONTHS		03/22/2007	PAP	PER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

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		Applica	ation No.	Applicant(s)	
Office Action Summary		10/511	,598	YOSHIMURA ET AL.	
		Examir	ner	Art Unit	
		Alain L.	Bashore	1762	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appears on	the cover sheet with the	correspondence address	i
A SH WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comm period for reply is specified above, the maximum stare to reply within the set or extended period for reply reply received by the Office later than three months a ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	AILING DATE OF of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no nunication. atutory period will apply and will, by statute, cause the	THIS COMMUNICATION event, however, may a reply be so will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from application to become ABANDON	DN. timely filed m the mailing date of this communi IED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				•	
1)⊠ 2a)□ 3)□	Responsive to communication(s) file This action is FINAL . Since this application is in condition closed in accordance with the practi	2b)⊠ This action is for allowance exce	s non-final. opt for formal matters, p		its is
Dispositi	ion of Claims				
5)□ 6)⋈ 7)□ 8)□ Applicat i 9)□ 10)□	Claim(s) 1-22 is/are pending in the a 4a) Of the above claim(s) 17-20 is/ar Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) 1-16, 21-22 is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction ion Papers The specification is objected to by the the drawing(s) filed on is/are: Applicant may not request that any objected to atthe oath or declaration is objected to applicate the oath of the oath or declaration is objected to applicate t	e withdrawn from one tion and/or election e Examiner. a) accepted or accepted or accepted or to the drawing (so the correction is required.	n requirement. b) objected to by the s) be held in abeyance. Suired if the drawing(s) is continuous.	ee 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.1	
	·	by the Examiner.	Note the attached Office	e Action of John 1 10-10	12.
12)⊠ a)i	Acknowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority 2. Certified copies of the priority 3. Copies of the certified copies application from the Internation	documents have b documents have b of the priority docu nal Bureau (PCT F	een received. een received in Applica ments have been recei Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage	e
2) 🔲 Notic 3) 🔯 Infor	t(s) te of References Cited (PTO-892) te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Pmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) tr No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	4) Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5) Notice of Informal 6) Other:	Date	

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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

1. Claims 17-20 are withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37

CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in the reply filed on 12-27-06.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.

3. Claims 1-4, 6-7, 12, 16 and 22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

The term "arbitrary" is considered vague and indefinite in claims 16 and 22.

The term "thin type" in claim 12 is also considered vague and indefinite

The term "fine" is considered vague and indefinite per se.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 1-7 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese patent publication 2000-309802 ('802) in view of Japanese patent publication 2001-295071 ('071).

Publication '802 discloses a method for producing a corrosion-resistant rare earth metal-based permanent magnet, characterized in that it comprises providing an aqueous treating fluid, which contains a hydrolysis polymerization product of alkyl silicate and fine zinc particles having a pH value as claimed.

Publication '802 does not disclose:

Average particle diameter claimed;

Wt % of total content.

Publication '071 discloses particle diameters (see abstract) and wt% of total content (para 0009).

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to include average particle diameter claimed and wt % of total content because both '071 and '802 teach oxidation treatment of metal with zinc.

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6. Claims 8-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over publication '802 in view of publication '071 as applied to claims above, and further in view of Walrath and Japanese Patent 01-197385 ('385).

Claims 21-22 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Walrath and Japanese Patent 01-197385 ('385).

Publications '802 and '071 do not disclose the recitations of claims 8-15.

Walrath discloses a dip spin coating method and Japanese Patent 01-197385 ('385) discloses dip and rotational movement of a work holder into a coating solution of a work holder as claimed by applicant.

It would have been obvious to use a dip spin coating method for the purposes of even coating, and the particular work holder because one with ordinary skill in the art would utilize a specific work holder desired to maximize coating efficiency.

Double Patenting

7. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. A nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting rejection is appropriate where the conflicting claims are not identical, but at least one examined application claim is not patentably distinct from the reference claim(s) because the examined application claim is either anticipated by, or would have been obvious over, the reference claim(s). See, e.g., *In re Berg*, 140 F.3d 1428, 46 USPQ2d 1226 (Fed. Cir. 1998); *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970); and *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

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A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) or 1.321(d) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent either is shown to be commonly owned with this application, or claims an invention made as a result of activities undertaken within the scope of a joint research agreement.

Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

8. Claim 1 is rejected on the ground of nonstatutory obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claim 1 of U.S. Patent No. 6,399,150 in view of Japanese patent publication 2000-309802 ('802).

Patent 6,399,150 does not claim the aqueous treating fluid now claimed by applicant.

It would have been obvious to one with ordinary skill in the art to claim what is now claimed because the '802 publication teaches improvements for rare earth magnetic powders.

Conclusion

9. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

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10. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Alain L. Bashore whose telephone number is 571-272-6739. The examiner can normally be reached on about 7:30 am to 5:00 pm (Mon. thru Thurs.).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Timothy Meeks can be reached on 571-272-1423. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Alain L. Bashore Primary Examiner Art Unit 1762